Government Polytechnic Nanakpur(PKL)

Lesson Plan

Discipline- Applied Science

Semester – 2nd Sem

Subject-Applied Mathematics

Duration –16 weeks

Work load (per week)-: lectures-04

Week		Theory	
	Lect	Topic	
	dav	Topic	
	,		
	1st	UNITI	
	751		
		Definition of function:	
		Concept of limits	
1st		(Introduction only) and	
		problems related to	
	2nd	Differentiation of yn	
		Differentiation of xit	
		, sin x, cos x, ex	
		by first principle.	
	3rd	Differentiation of sum,	
		product and quotient of	
		functions	
	4th		
		Revision Unit- I	
2nd	1st	Revision Unit- I	
-			
	2nd		
	2110		
		Differential Calculus and	
		Its Applications	
		Differentiation of	
		trigonometric functions,	
		inverse trigonometric	
		functions.	
	3rd		
		Logarithmic differentiation,	
		successive differentiation	
	441-	(upto 2nd order)	
	4th	Application of differential	
		application of uniterential	
		calculus in:	
		(a) Kate measures	

3 rd	1st	(b) Maxima and minima	
	2nd	Revision Unit- 2	
	2110	Kevision onte 2	
		Devicion Unit 2	
	3ra	Revision Unit- 2	,
	4th	Revision Unit- 2	
4th	1st	Integral Calculus	
		Integration as inverse	
		with simple examples.	
	2nd	Simple standard integrals	
		Integration by Substitution	
		Integration by parts.	
	3rd	Evaluation of definite integrals with given limits.	
		π/2 π /2 π/2	
		Evaluation of∫sinn	
		x. dx, ∫ cosn	
		x dx , ∫ sinmx cosn	
		000	
		using formulae without	
		proof (m and n being positive integers only) using	
		mathematical models.	
	4th	Revision Unit- 3	
5th	1st	Revision-Unit-3	
	2nd	Revision-Unit-3	
	3rd	UNITIV	
		Application of Integration,	
		Numerical Integration and Differential Equations	
		for evaluation of area under	
		problems).	
	4th	Numerical integration by Trapezoidal Rule	
		Tupezotaai taite	
6th	1st	Simpson's 1/3rd Rule using	
		models.	

	2nd	Revision-Unit-4		
	3rd	Revision-Unit-4		
	4th	Revision-Unit-4		
7th	1 st	Differential Equations		
		Definition, order, degree, Type		
	Ond	linearity,		
	2110	Formulation of		
		ordinary differential equation		
		(up to 1st order), solution of		
		separation		
		method.		
	3rd ^h	Revision-Unit-4		
	4th	Revision-Unit-4		
8th	1st	UNIT V		
		Statistics and Software Statistics		
		Statistics		
		Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median,		
	2nd	Mode Measures of Dispersion: Mean		
	2110	deviation		
	3rd	Standard Deviation, variance,		
		deviation		
	4th	Revision Statistics		
9th	1st	Revision Statistics		
	2nd	Revision Statistics		
		Revision Statistics		
	3rd	Softwara		
	0. a	Scil ab software – Theoretical		
		Introduction.		
	4th	Basic difference between		
		MATLAB and SciLab software,		
10TH	1st	Calculations with MATLAB or		
		ScilLab - (a) Representation of		
		matrix (2×2 order),		
		(b) Addition, Subtraction of		
		matrices (2×2 order) in		
	1	MATLAB or SciLab		

	2nd	Revision- MATLAB		
	3rd	Revision- MATLAB		
	4th	Revision- MATLAB		
11TH	1st	Devision MATIAD		
11111		Revision- IVIA I LAB		
	2nd	Revision- MATLAB		
	3rd	Functions and limits		
	4th	Differentiation of		
		Ingonometric function		
12th	1st	Differentiation of logarithmic function and infinite series function		
	2nd	Integration of simple standard function		
	3rd	Integration of trigonometric function		
	4th	Integration by parts		
13th	1st	Application of integration		
	2nd	Numerical integration		
	3rd	Differential Equation		
	4th	Solution of ODE in differential Equation		
14th	1st	Revision- Unit-1		
	2nd	Revision- Unit-1		
	3rd	Revision- Unit-2		
	4th	Revision- Unit-2		

15th	1st	Revision- Unit-3	
	2nd	Revision- Unit-3	
	3rd	Revision- Unit-4	
	4th	Revision- Unit-4	
16th	1st	Revision- Unit-5	
	2nd	Revision- Unit-5	
	3rd	Revision- Unit-5	
	4th	Revision- Unit-5	

LESSON PLAN

Discipline : CSE/Civil/Mech./ECE/Electrical Engg.

Semester : 2nd Sem

Subject : Applied Physics-II

Lession Plan Duration : -15 weeks

Work Load (Lecture/Practical) per week (in hours) : Lecture – 02 , Practicals -02

Week	Theory			Practical		
	Lecture Topic day (including assignment/test)		Practi -cal day	Торіс		
1	1	• Wave motion - Introduction	1	Familiarization with apparatus		
	 Terms - displacement, amplitude, time period, frequency, wavelength, wave velocity, 			(resistor, rheostat, key, ammeter, volt meter, telescope,		
	3	Transverse wave motion	-	microscope etc)		
	4	longitudinal wave motion				
2	5	Difference b/w Transverse & longitudinal wave motion				
	6	 relationship among wave velocity, frequency and wave length . Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM): definition, examples 				
	 7 • Cantilever • Vibrations & its types 		2	To find the time period of simple pendulum		
	 Acoustics of buildings – reverberation reverberation time 					
3	9	• Echo, noise, coefficient of absorption of sound				

	10			
		• methods to control reverberation time.		
	11	Ultrasonics	3	To study variation of time period of a simple pendulum
	12	• Engineering applications of Ultrasonics		with change in length of pendulum
4	13	Optics – Introduction		
	14	Reflection of LightRefraction of Light		
	15	refractive indexTotal internal reflectionCritical angle	4	To find and verify the time period of cantilever
	16	 Applications of TIR conditions for TIR		
5	17	 Super Position of Waves, Definition of Interference, Diffraction and Polarization of Waves Microscope, telescope& their uses 		
	18	 Introduction of Lens, lens Formula (no derivation), Power of Lens Based numerical 		
	19	 Assignment – Ultrasonics 	5	To find Ohm's laws by plotting
	20	Test		a graph between voltage and
6	21	Electrostatics and Electricity – Introduction		current
	22	Coulombs lawUnit charge		
7	23	Electric fieldElectric lines of force, its properties	6	To study colour coding scheme of resistance
	24	Electric IntensityElectric Flux		
8	25	 Electric potential Electric field intensity due to a point charge. 		
	26	• Gauss law(Statement and derivation)		
	27	CapacitorCapacitance	7	To verify laws of resistance in series combination
9	28	Series combination of capacitors		
	20	• parallal combination of conscitors		
	29	Ohm's Laws		

	 Classification of Materials and their Properties 			To verify laws of resistance in parallel combination
11	32	 Types of materials Conductor, Semi-Conductor, Insulator and Dielectric with examples 		
	33	• intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors (Introduction only)	9	To find resistance of galvanometer by half deflection method
12	34	Introduction to MagnetismTypes of magnetic materialsDia materials with example		
	35	para and ferromagnetic materials with examples	10	To verify laws of reflection of light using mirror
	36	Magnetic fieldmagnetic Flux		
13	37	Magnetic lines of force	11	To verify laws of refraction using glass slab
	38	• Electromagnetic induction (Definition)		
	39	Test	12	To find the focal length of a
14	40	Modern Physics - Introduction		concave lens using a convex lens
	41	 Lasers: full form, Principle, absorption, spontaneous emission, stimulated emission, population inversion Engineering and applications of laser 	13	revision
15	42	 Fibre optics – Definition, principle, parts, light propagation, fiber types (mono- mode, multi-mode) Applications in medical, tele- communication and sensors 	-	
	43	• Introduction to nanotechnology- Definition of nano materials with examples, properties at nano scale	14	revision
	44	 Applications of nanotechnology(brief) 		
16		Revision and test	15	revision

Government Polytechnic Nanakpur, Panchkula

Lesson Plan

Discipline- Applied Science

Semester – 2nd Sem.

Subject – EVS & DM

Duration – 16 weeks

Work load (per week):- Lectures-02

Week		Theory
	Lect. day	Торіс
	1 st	UNIT I Introduction: Basics of ecology, eco system- concept,
1st	2 nd	sustainable development,
2 nd	1 st	Sources, advantages, disadvantages of renewable and nonrenewable energy.
	2 nd	Rain water harvesting
3rd	1 st	Deforestation – its effects & control measures
	2 nd	Revision
4 th	1 st	Revision
	2 nd	Revision
5 th	1 st	UNIT II Air and Noise Pollution: Air Pollution: Source of air pollution.Effect of air pollution on human health,
	2 nd	economy, Air pollution control methods.
6 th	1 st	Noise Pollution: Source of noise pollution,
	2 nd	Unit of noise,
7th	1 st	Effect of noise pollution, Acceptable noise level,

	2 nd	Different method of minimizing noise pollution.
8 th	1 st	Water Pollution: Impurities in water, Cause of water pollution,
	2 nd	Source of water pollution. Effect of water pollution on human health,
9 th	1 st	Concept of DO, BOD, COD. Prevention of water pollution-
	2 nd	Water treatment processes, Sewage treatment. Water quality standard.
10 th	1 st	Soil Pollution :Sources of soil pollution, Effects and Control of soil pollution,
	2 nd	Types of Solid waste- House hold, Industrial, Agricultural, Biomedical,
11th	1 st	Disposal of solid waste,
	2 nd	Solid waste management E-waste, E – waste management
12 th	1 st	UNIT IV Impact of Energy Usage on Environment
	2 nd	Global Warming, Green House Effect,
13 th	1 st	Depletion of Ozone Layer, Acid Rain. Eco-friendly Material,
	2 nd	Recycling of Material,
1 <i>4</i> th	1 st	Concept of Green Buildings,
	2 nd	Concept of Carbon Credit & Carbon footprint.
15 th	1 st	UNIT V Disaster Management A. Different Types of Disaster: Natural Disaster: such as Flood, Cyclone, Earthquakes and
	2 nd	Landslides Man-made Disaster: such as Fire, Industrial Pollution, Nuclear Disaster, Biological Disasters,
16 th	1 st	Accidents (Air, Sea Rail & Road), Structural failures(Building and Bridge), War & Terrorism etc.
	2 nd	B.Disaster Preparedness: Disaster Preparedness Plan Prediction, Early Warnings and Safety Measures of Disaster Psychological response and Management (Trauma, Stress, Rumour and Panic)

Government Polytechnic Nanakpur (Panchkula)

Lesson Plan

Discipline- Applied Science

Semester – 2nd Sem

Subject – Applied chemistry

Duration -16 weeks

Work load (per week):- Lectures-03 Practical :02

Week	ek Theory		Practical		
	Lect. day	Торіс	Lect. day	Торіс	
	1 st	UNIT 1 Atomic Structure, Periodic Table and Chemical Bonding.	1 st	To prepare standard solution of oxalic acid.	
1st	2 nd	Bohr's model of atom (qualitative treatment only), dual character of matter: derivation of de-Broglie's equation,			
	3rd	Heisenberg's Principle of Uncertainty,	2 nd	To prepare standard solution of oxalic acid.	
2nd	1 st	modern concept of atomic structure: definition of orbitals, shapes of s, p and d-orbitals, quantum numbers and their	1 st	To prepare standard solution of oxalic acid.	
	2 nd	Electronic configuration: Aufbau and Pauli's exclusion principles and Hund's rule, electronic configuration of elements up to atomic number 30.			
	3rd	M odern Periodic law and Periodic table,	2 nd	To prepare standard solution of oxalic acid.	
3 rd	1 st	classification of elements into s, p, d and f-blocks, metals, non-metals and metalloids (periodicity in properties excluded).	1st	To dilute the given KMnO4 solution	

	2 nd	Chemical bonding: cause of bonding, ionic bond, covalent bond, and metallic bond (electron sea or gas model), Physical properties of ionic, covalent		To dilute the given KMnO4 solution
		and metallic substances.		
	3rd	Revision	2 nd	
3rd	1 st	UNIT II Metals and Alloys: Metals: mechanical properties of metals such as conductivity, elasticity, strength and stiffness, luster, hardness, toughness, ductility, malleability, brittleness, and impact	1 st	To dilute the given KMnO4 solution
	2 nd	Definition of a mineral, ore, gangue, flux and slag.	2nd	To dilute the given KMnO4 solution
	3rd	Metallurgy of iron from haematite using a blast furnace. Commercial varieties of iron.	1 st	To find out the strength in grams per litre of an unknown solution of sodium hydroxide using a standard (N/10) oxalic acid solution.
4 th	1 st	Alloys: definition, necessity of making alloys, composition, properties and uses of duralumin and steel.	2nd	To find out the strength in grams per litre of an unknown solution of sodium hydroxide using a standard (N/10) oxalic acid solution.
	2 nd	Heat treatment of steel- normalizing, annealing, quenching, tempering.	1 st	To find out the strength in grams per litre of an unknown solution of sodium hydroxide using a standard (N/10) oxalic acid solution.
	3rd	UNIT III Water, Solutions, Acids and Bases	2nd	To find out the strength in grams per litre of an unknown solution of sodium hydroxide using a standard
				solution.

	4 th	Solutions: definition, expression of the concentration of a solution in percentage (w/w, w/v and v/v), normality, molarity and molality and ppm. Simple problems on solution preparation.	1 st	To find out the total alkalinity in parts per million (ppm) of a water sample with the help of a standard sulphuric acid solution.
5 th	1 st	Arrhenius concept of acids and bases, strong and weak acids and bases, pH value of a solution and its	2nd	To find out the total alkalinity in parts per million (ppm) of a water sample with the help of
		significance, pH scale. Simple numerical problems on pH of acids and bases.		a standard sulphuric acid solution.
	2 nd	Hard and soft water, causes of hardness of water, types of hardness – temporary and permanent hardness, expression of hardness of water, ppm unit of hardness; disadvantages of hard water; removal of hardness: removal of temporary hardness by boiling and Clark's method;		To determine the total hardness of given water sample by EDTA method
	3rd	removal of permanent hardness of water by lon- Exchange method; boiler problems caused by hard water: scale and sludge formation, priming and foaming, caustic embrittlement; water sterilization by chlorine, UV radiation and RO.		To determine the total hardness of given water sample by EDTA method
6 th	1 st	UNIT IV Fuels and Lubricants 4.1 Fuels: definition and classification of higher and lower calorific values, units of calorific value, characteristics of an		To determine the amount of total dissolved solids(TDS) in ppm in a given sample of water gravimetrically
	2 nd	Petroleum: composition and refining of petroleum;		To determine the amount of total dissolved solids(TDS) in ppm in a given sample of water

	3 rd	composition, properties and uses of CNG, PNG, LNG,	 gravimetrically To determine the pH of different solutions
		LPG; relative advantages of liquid and gaseous fuels over solid fuels. Scope of hydrogen as future fuel.	meter.
7th	1 st	Lubricants- Functions and qualities of a good lubricant, classification of lubricants with examples;	To determine the pH of different solutions using a digital pH meter.
	2 nd	Iubrication mechanism (brief idea only); physical properties (brief idea only) of a Iubricant: oiliness, viscosity, viscosity index, flash and fire point, ignition temperature, pour point.	To determine the calorific value of a solid/liquid fuel using a Bomb calorimeter.
	3rd	Iubrication mechanism (brief idea only); physical properties (brief idea only) of a lubricant: oiliness, viscosity, viscosity index, flash and fire point, ignition temperature, pour point.	To determine the calorific value of a solid/liquid fuel using a Bomb calorimeter.

8th	1 st	UNIT V	
0	2 nd	Polymers and Electrochemistry	To determine the viscosity of a lubricating oil using a Redwood viscometer
	3rd	Polymers and Plastics: definition of polymer, classification, addition and condensation	To determine the viscosity of a lubricating oil using a Redwood
		polymerization; preparation properties and uses of polythene, PVC, Nylon-66, Bakelite;	viscometer
9 th	1 st	definition of plastic, thermoplastics and thermosetting polymers; natural rubber and	To prepare a sample of Phenol- formaldehvde resin
	2 nd	neoprene, other synthetic rubbers (names only).	(Bakelite)/Nylon-66 in the lab.
	3rd	Corrosion: definition, dry and wet corrosion	To prepare a sample of Phenol- formaldehyde resin (Bakelite)/Nylon-66 in the lab.
1 <i>0th</i>	1 st	factors affecting rate of corrosion, methods of	To prepare a sample of Phenol-
10.	2 nd		formaldehyde resin (Bakelite)/Nylon-66 in the lab.
		prevention of corrosion	
	3rd	hot dipping, metal cladding, cementation, quenching, cathodic	To prepare a sample of Phenol- formaldehyde resin (Bakelite)/Nylon-66 in the lab.
	1 st	methods of	
11th	2 nd	prevention of corrosion— hot dipping, metal cladding, cementation, quenching, cathodic	Viva Voice
	3rd	protection methods	
		of nanotechnology: nano- materials and their classification,	Viva Voice
		applications of nanotechnology in various engineering applications	
	1 st	Revision	
12 th	2 nd		Viva Voice
		Revision	

	3 rd	Revision	
			Viva Voice
	1 st	Revision	
	2 nd		
13 th	2		Viva Voice
		Pavision	
	3 rd	Revision	-
	5.4	inevision	Viva Voice
	1 st		
14 th			
	Ond		Viva Voice
	2.13	Revision	
	3 rd	Revision	-
			Viva Voice
	1 st	Revision	
15th			Revision and file checking
	2 nd		
	3 rd	Revision	
			Revision and file checking
	1 st	Revision	
16 th	2 nd		Revision and file checking
		Baviaian	
	Ord	Revision Bovision	4
	Ju	REVISION	Pavision and file checking